

utilizzare i teoremi sui logaritmi per ridurre le espressioni ad un unico logaritmo

ipotizzare verificate le condizioni di esistenza per gli esercizi letterali

|    |   |                                  |
|----|---|----------------------------------|
| 1  | $\log_5 2 + \log_5 3$   | $\log_5 6$                       |
| 2  | $\log_2 4 - \log_2 2$   | 1                                |
| 3  | $\log_7 3 + \log_7 4 - \log_7 2$  | $\log_7 6$                       |
| 4  | $\ln 1 - \ln \frac{1}{3}$   | $\ln 3$                          |
| 5  | $\ln 16 + \ln \frac{1}{16}$   | 0                                |
| 6  | $\log_{\frac{1}{3}} 3 - \left( \log_{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{2}{3} + \log_{\frac{1}{3}} 3 \right)$ | $\log_{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{3}{2}$ |
| 7  | $\log_3 4 - (\log_3 7 + \log_3 2) + \log_3 14$  | $\log 4$                         |
| 8  | $2 \log_6 3$  | $\log_6 9$                       |
| 9  | $\frac{1}{2} \log_2 5$  | $\log_2 \sqrt{5}$                |
| 10 | $-\log_{\frac{1}{2}} 7$   | $\log_{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{7}$ |
| 11 | $2 \ln 3 + \ln 4$   | $\ln 36$                         |
| 12 | $5 \ln 3 + 8 \ln 4$   | $\ln(3^5 \cdot 4^8)$             |
| 13 | $2 \log_5 3 + \log_5 \frac{1}{3}$   | $\log_5 3$                       |

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| 14 | $\log_3 8 - \log_9 16$   | $\log_3 2$                          |
| 15 | $\frac{2}{3} \log_2 7 - \log_2 49$                               | $\log_2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{49}}{49}$    |
| 16 | $\ln(a^2 - b^2) - \ln(a + b)$                                    | $\ln(a - b)$                        |
| 17 | $\ln(a + b) - \ln a - \ln b$                                     | $\ln\left(\frac{a + b}{ab}\right)$  |
| 18 | $\ln\left(\frac{a}{3b}\right) - \ln a$                           | $\ln \frac{1}{3b}$                  |
| 19 | $\ln(a + b)^2 - \ln a^2$   | $\ln\left(1 + \frac{b}{a}\right)^2$ |
| 20 | $\ln 7a + \ln 3b - \ln 9b^2 + \ln a$                             | $\ln\left(\frac{7a^2}{3b}\right)$   |
| 21 | $\log_2 m - \log_2 n + \log_2(m + n)$                            | $\log_2 \frac{m(m + n)}{n}$         |
| 22 | $\log_r(a^2 - b^2) - \log_r(a + b) + \log_r(a - b)$              | $\log_r(a - b)^2$                   |
| 23 | $\log_a pq + \log_a \left(\frac{p}{q} - \frac{q}{p}\right)$      | $\log_a(p^2 - q^2)$                 |
| 24 | $\log_a \left(\frac{m}{n} - 1\right) + \log_a n - \log_a(m - n)$ | 0                                   |
| 25 | $3 \log_a p + 4 \log_a q - 2 \log_a r$                           | $\log_a \frac{p^3 q^4}{r^2}$        |
| 26 | $2 \log_{0,1} a + \log_{0,1} b - 4 \log_{0,1} c$                 | $\log_{0,1} \frac{a^2 b}{c^4}$      |
| 27 | $2 \log_3 a + 2 \log_3 b - \log_3 a - \log_3 b$                  | $\log_3(ab)$                        |

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| 28 | $\frac{1}{2} \log_a(m+n) + 2 \log_a(m+n) - \frac{3}{2} \log_a(m+n)$  | $\log_a(m+n)$                |
| 29 | $2 \log_a p + 5 \log_a q - (3 \log_a r - 4 \log_a p)$                | $\log_a \frac{p^6 q^5}{r^3}$ |
| 30 | $\frac{1}{2} \log_r a + \frac{1}{4} \log_r b + \frac{1}{8} \log_r c$ | $\log_r \sqrt[8]{a^4 b^2 c}$ |

utilizzare i teoremi sui logaritmi per trasformare in più logaritmi

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| 31 | $\log_3 10$                          | $\log_3 5 + \log_3 2$                 |
| 32 | $\log_3 \frac{7}{2}$                 | $\log_3 7 - \log_3 2$                 |
| 33 | $\ln(a^3 \cdot b^3)$                 | $3(\ln a + \ln b)$                    |
| 34 | $\ln\left(\frac{a}{2b-c}\right)$     | $\ln a - \ln(2b-c)$                   |
| 35 | $\ln\left(\frac{bc}{a^2-c^2}\right)$ | $\ln b + \ln c - \ln(a+c) - \ln(a-c)$ |
| 36 | $\ln\left(\frac{a^2+b^2}{5a}\right)$ | $\ln(a^2+b^2) - \ln 5a$               |
| 37 | $\log_{\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{8}$        | $\frac{3}{2} \log_{\frac{1}{2}} 2$    |
| 38 | $\ln \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{2}}$          | $\frac{1}{3}(\ln 3 - \ln 2)$          |

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| 39 | $\log_2 \sqrt{\frac{6}{5}}$                        | $\frac{1}{2}(1 + \log_2 3 - \log_2 5)$                |
| 40 | $\log_2 \sqrt[3]{\frac{5}{7}}$                     | $\frac{1}{3}\log_2 5 - \frac{1}{3}\log_2 7$           |
| 41 | $\ln\left(\frac{5}{7a + 4b}\right)$                | $\ln 5 - \ln(7a + 4b)$                                |
| 42 | $\log_a \frac{x(x + y)}{z}$                        | $\log_a x + \log_a(x + y) - \log_a z$                 |
| 43 | $\log_4\left(\frac{1 - a}{a^2 b}\right)$           | $\log_4(1 - a) - 2\log_4 a - \log_4 b$                |
| 44 | $\log_r(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)$                          | $2\log_r(a - b)$                                      |
| 45 | $\log_5(a^2 - b^2)$                                | $\log_5(a + b) + \log_5(a - b)$                       |
| 46 | $\log_n\left(\frac{a^2 - b^2}{ab}\right)$          | $\log_n(a - b) + \log_n(a + b) - \log_n a - \log_n b$ |
| 47 | $\log_n(p^7 q)^4$                                  | $28\log_n p + 4\log_n q$                              |
| 48 | $\log_b(a^3 - b^3)$                                | $\log_b(a - b) + \log_b(a^2 + ab + b^2)$              |
| 49 | $\log_6 \sqrt[4]{a^{2n+1}}$                        | $\frac{2n + 1}{4}\log_6 a$                            |
| 50 | $\log_n\left(\frac{n^3}{m^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$ | $1 - \frac{2}{3}\log m$                               |

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| 51 | $\log_a m^2 \sqrt{n}$   | $2 \log_a m + \frac{1}{2} \log_a n$   |
| 52 | $\log_n \sqrt{a\sqrt{b}}$   | $\frac{1}{2} \log_n a + \frac{1}{4} \log_n b$   |
| 53 | $\ln \left( \frac{3a + 5b}{a(3a - 5b)} \right)$   | $\ln(3a + 5b) - \ln a - \ln(3a - 5b)$   |
| 54 | $\ln \left( \frac{a^3 - b^3}{a^2 + b^2 + ab} \right)$                                       | $\ln(a - b)$  |
| 55 | $\ln \sqrt{\frac{a^2 + b^2 + 2ab}{a + b}}$  | $\frac{1}{2} \ln(a + b)$  |
| 56 | $\ln \left( \frac{15}{(\sqrt{3}a + \sqrt{3}b)^2} \right)$                                   | $\ln 5 - 2 \ln(a + b)$  |
| 57 | $\log_a \left( \frac{z}{\frac{2}{3}x^2y} \right)^2$   | $2 \log_a z - 2 \log_a \frac{2}{3} - 4 \log_a x - 2 \log_a y$   |
| 58 | $\log_a \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{a^3 b^2 c}}$  | $-\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \log_a b - \frac{1}{4} \log_a c$  |
| 59 | $\log_5 \frac{\sqrt[4]{(x-y)^3}}{\sqrt[5]{\sqrt{x+y}}}$                                     | $\frac{3}{4} \log_5(x-y) - \frac{1}{10} \log_5(x+y)$  |
| 60 | $\log_a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\frac{a-1}{a+1}} \left( \frac{a+2}{a-2} \right)^2 \right)$ | $\frac{1}{2} \log_a(a-1) - \frac{1}{2} \log_a(a+1) + \log_a \frac{1}{3}$<br>$+ 2 \log_a(a+2) - 2 \log_a(a-2)$ |